

The Future System and the role of the NSC and RSC in maintaining standards

Sir David Carter October 2016 National Schools Commissioner



The Challenges to meet if we want to be World Class

- World Class means having a good school for every child in every region in England
 - Ensures that a structural change in predicated on raising standards
 - Takes the starting point of all children and builds incremental progress improvement every year
 - Has a focus on destinations within key stages as well as beyond them
 - Builds a teaching, leadership and support staff workforce capable of sustaining high performance
 - Sees the true value of outstanding early years teaching as an underpinning of long term achievement
 - Learning starts & accelerates when compulsory education ends



How do we get closer to this over the next 5 years

- What kind of schools led education system should we be aiming to create?
- 4 Priorities;
 - Every school is a giver and receiver of support
 - Every MAT adds value to the education of children so that no schools get left behind
 - Governance will be world class and we can name it and describe it
 - Teachers, leaders and support staff have 10 year career plans that are realistic and deliverable

The Two NSC Core Priorities that we need to Deliver between 2016 and 2022

Growing the capacity of the System with Care

Expanding our Existing MATS

Approving and Developing new MATS

Improving the system strategically

Raising the performance of Academies

Embedding the MAT as the best structure for improvement



Core Aims of the RSC Role

- Monitoring the performance and intervening to secure improvement in underperforming academies
- Taking decisions on the creation of new academies
- Ensuring that the sponsor market meets local need by authorising new sponsors and challenging those that exist to perform even better
 - Promoting and supporting new models of System leadership



What might a Regional Schools Commissioner do in a typical week?

- Monitoring the performance and intervening to secure improvement in underperforming academies
- RSC intervene only when there is evidence that performance is weak
 - Assessing Trust Action Plans
 - Visiting Academies to see for themselves
 - Commission visits from Education Advisors or members of the HTB
 - Commission school to school support from the most appropriate source



What might a Regional Schools Commissioner do in a typical week?

- Taking decisions on the creation of new academies
 - Chair a meeting of the Headteacher Board
 - Meet with Sub Regional Groups deepen understanding of local challenges and potential solutions
 - Link the Regional Delivery Plan to the needs of the Sub Region

- Meet with Local Authorities, Teaching School Alliances, MATS and stand alone academies to get greater local intelligence to influence decision making
- Assess Free School applications against the level of need and the degree of confidence that the proposer can open and operate a good or outstanding school



The role of the Headteacher Board

- To hold the RSC to account & advise on decisions made in the region
 - 4 Elected Outstanding Heads and 4 co-opted or appointed
 - Meets every 2 weeks
 - All HTB members will attend the first HTB national conference this summer

The Role

- Approve Academy Conversions
- Approve new sponsors
- Approve new MATS
- Challenge the RSC that interventions are effective & appropriate
- Add capacity to RSC office



What might a Regional Schools Commissioner do in a typical week?

- Ensuring that the sponsor market meets local need by authorising new sponsors and challenging those that exist to perform even better
 - Strategic Growth planning conversations with trusts
 - Working with LA and Sponsors to build regional strategies that avoid schools being left behind
 - Assessing the **readiness** of existing trusts to grow
 - Meeting with CEO and Chairs of Boards to assess capacity, performance and progress in and across their Trust



Developing a structure for MAT Growth

- Our strongest Sponsors and Trusts will need to grow
- Our newest Sponsors and Trusts will need to become established quickly
- We need to create a Growth
 Development Plan that enables RSC to assess capability <u>quickly and</u> <u>transparently</u>



Developing a strategy for MAT Growth

Growth Focus Areas

- People and Leadership
- Track Record and Performance
- Governance Models and Capacity
- Risk Management
- Financial Stability

- Different Stages of MAT Growth Plans
- Starter Trusts
 - 1-5 schools (500-1200 children)

Established Trusts

5-15 schools (1200-5000 children)

National Trusts

15-30 schools

• System Trusts

- `30 or more schools